Ukrainian Association of Investment Business **UAIB**

The Ukrainian experience – Regulatory, Political and Economic Aspects

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Agenda

- Recent Trends in the Ukrainian Fund Management
 Industry and the Economy
- Legal Framework Developments in Ukraine
- 1. The Law of Ukraine On Collective Investment Institutions
- 2. Other Relevant Laws & Regulations
- Prospects for the Industry

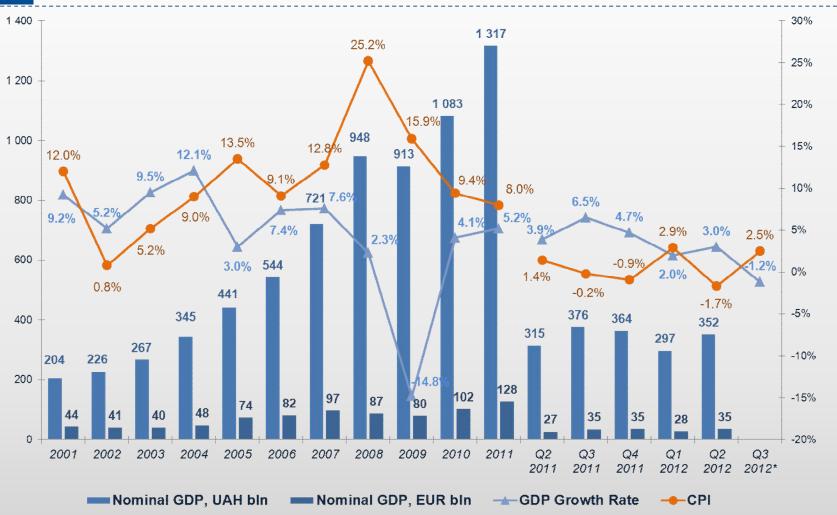


(I)

Recent Trends in the Ukrainian Fund Management Industry and the Economy



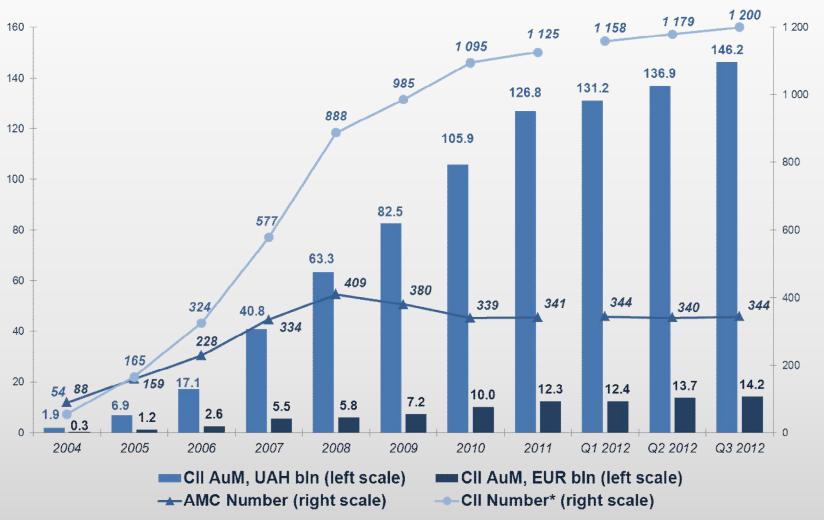
GDP and Inflation (CPI)



^{*} Preliminary data as at 31 Oct 2012. Source of data: State Statistics Service of Ukraine, http://ukrstat.gov.ua

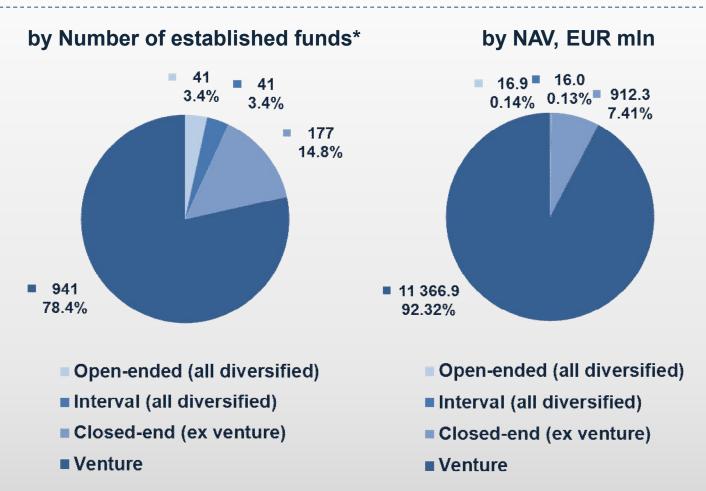


The Fund Industry Dynamics





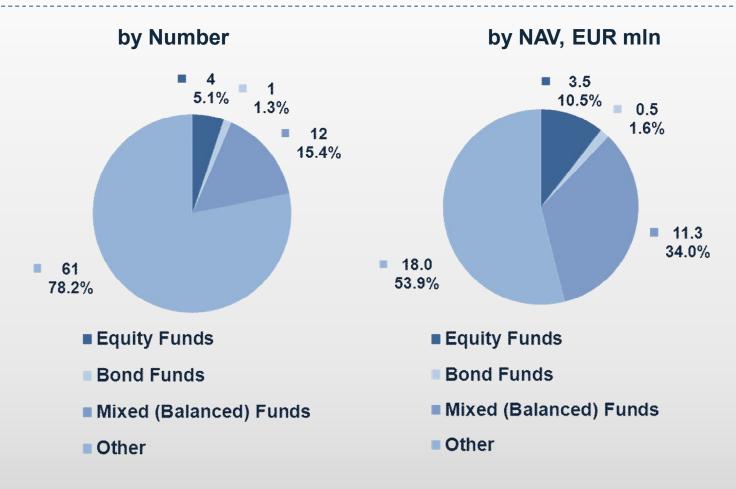
Collective Investment Institutions (CII)



^{*} Cll that reached compliance with the minimum asset value standard Data as at 31 Oct 2012



Diversified*, publicly offered CII, by fund class



^{*} All open-ended and interval, some closed-end

Data as at 31 Oct 2012



The Stock Market Dynamics



Source of data: the stock exchanges



Securities available at stock exchanges

Oct 2012/Oct 2011 change

PTFS (since 1997) – **1163**/952 securities listed:

- **537/**413 equities
- ▶ **356/**246 securities in 1st and 2nd lists
- index basket 20/20 equities (av. free float 6.6%, range from 0.6% to 21.7%)

UX (since 2009) – **323**/301 securities listed:

- ▶ **198/**185 equities
- ▶ 86/73 securities in 1st and 2nd lists
- index basket 10/15 equities (av. free float 10.8%, range from 0.5% to 24%)



(II) Legal Framework Developments



(1)

The Law of Ukraine On Collective Investment Institutions

- Chronology
- Key new provisions



Chronology

- First text of the Law On CII (Unit and Corporate Investment Funds) №2299-III adopted on **15 Mar 2001**
- Singificantly amended to a new version №693-VI adopted on
 18 Dec 2008

New text №5080-VI adopted on 5 Jul 2012 – enter into force on 1 Jan 2014 (as regards derivatives in portfolios – on 1 Jan 2015)



The Law On Collective Investment Institutions №5080-VI





1. New (enhanced) fund classification

in addition to the **existing categories**: (1) open-ended/interval/closed-end (2) diversified/non-diversified; (3) terminable/perpetual (4) unit/corporate **there will be**:

- specialised CII (money market funds, state securities funds, bond funds, equity funds, index funds, bank metals funds)
- qualifying CII (securities class, real estate class, rental assets class, credit (loan) assets class, exchange-traded commodity assets class etc.)
- **ETFs:**
- 1. open-ended specialised CII (index funds, bank metals funds) only
- mandatory listed on a stock exchange
- placed/sold/redeemed via underwriter
- 4. sold/redeemed for the assets set by the Prospectus and not only for cash



1. (Cont) Asset Allocation and Structure

- requirements/limits for new fund categories (specialised CII)
- **amended** restrictions for diversified CII which shall be allowed to:
- acquire or additionally invest in banks' liabilities (securities and/or bank metals) <= 20% of total assets (detailed provision);
 a single bank's liabilities <=10% (in force)
- acquire or additionally invest in OTC securities <= 20% of total assets (in force) BUT such securities don't need to obtain a rating (simplified)</p>



2. Fixing of a minimum investment threshold (for retail investors)

Minimum total **par value** of units/shares acquired set as a number of minimum wages fixed by law **as at 1 Jan 2014**:

- venture* CII <u>1500 min wages</u> (UAH 1.7 mln/EUR 165 thsd as at 1 Dec 2012)
- qualifying CII 100 min wages (UAH 113.4 thsd/EUR 11 thsd as at 1 Dec 2012)

According to the operative Law, the threshold changes along with the minimum wage figure (mostly quarterly)

* **Venture** CII is a non-diversified closed-end unit or corporate fund, which exercises exclusively private placement of its securities among legal entities and individuals



3. Corporate CII

Full description of the activities and corporate governance, complete exclusion from the scope of the Law On Joint-Stock Companies.

Key issues covered:

- Procedures for establishing (Constituent Assembly etc.),liquidation
- Requirements to the content of the Statute, Standing Orders
- Management bodies (Supervisory Board, AGM)
- AGM: powers, procedures for convocation and conducting, decision making



4. Net asset value calculation

According to the operative Law, as at:

- (1) end month (2) end quarter, year (for quarterly and annual reports)
- (3) after 6 months from the date of registration of Prospectus/Standing Orders (4) the date prior to the one of purchase/redemption application;
- (5) the date of decision to change AMC (6) the date of decision of CII dissolution (7) the date prior to the beginning of settlements with the unit/share-holders upon liquidation

New cause for NAV calculation (instead of (4)) – in case of:

- placement of securities of the CII as at the date of receipt of funds
 to the bank account of the CII;
- redemption of securities of the CII as at the date of *transferring of*securities of the CII to the account of the CII's redeemed securities.



5. New mechanism for purchase/redemption

- Purchase application the amount of purchase;
- The **number** of the CII's securities purchased = the amount / CII's security price as at the date of receipt of money to the CII's account.

CII's security price calculation:

- Operative Law as at the date of purchase/redemption application
- New Law as at the date of <u>settlement</u> (transferring money/securities)
 Cll's security price = Total NAV / Number of securities in circulation
- Redemption application the number of securities to be redeemed;
- The **price** of the CII's security <u>as at the date of transferring of the securities to the CII' account</u>

Payment for securities of a CII by installment is not allowed



6. Conversion of securities of CII

Securities of a CII, by the application of the unit/share-holder, can be **converted into securities of another CII** which is under management of the same asset management company:

- Open-ended & interval funds if comply with requirements to redemption (frequency)
- Closed-end funds in course of mandatory redemption in case of prolongation of the fund
- + All types of funds in case of liquitation
- Price fixed as at the date of conversion application

Not allowed:

venture CII any other fund category (and vice versa)



7. Safe-keeping of the CII assets

More strict rules for public (retail) CII, loosened rules for private ones

For CII with **public** placement:

- mandatory safe-keeping with a custodian a bank only with a special licence for safe-keeping (in force)
- the custodian bank of an investment grade rating (by an authorised national rating agency/a recognized international one) (new)

For CII with **private** placement:

- no custodian is required is voluntary (new) BUT
- in case of a custodian any entity licenced by NSSMC (in force)



8. Transparency

Information about the CII (including regular reports)

must be available on the websites of:

- the NSSMC's Public Information Database on the Securities

 Market (detailed; in the operative Law "publishing in the official editions of the Commission; disclosure by other means")
- the AMC (<u>public placement</u>) (<u>new</u>)
- Enhanced requirements to CII (AMC) websites
 must be provided directly to investors (private placement) (in force)
 must be reported:
- to NSSMC (in force)
- 2. to UAIB (in force)



(2)

Other Relevant Laws & Regulations: higher standards or threats to the industry?



New/Draft Laws & Regulations

- 1. Prudential Supervision, Risk Management
- 2. Tax Code
- 3. The Law On Joint-Stock Companies
- 4. Regulations on Foreign Securities
 Transactions in Ukraine
- 5. The Law On the Depositary System
- 6. The Law On the Rating System



1. Prudential Supervision, Risk Management

The Law On Amendments to Some Legislative Acts of Ukraine Concerning the Improvement of the Legislation on Securities

№5042 adopted on 4 Jul 2012 (in force as from 1 Jan 2013)

Prudential Supervision by NSSMC over AMC and CII

(Commision's Draft Regulation published on 9 Oct 2012)

- heightened requirements and increased control over AMC:
 inspecting the owners with substantial holdings
- Risk Management and Internal Audit in AMC
- internal rules to introduce Risk Management System shall be adopted by 1 Jan 2013



2. Tax Code

Attempts of the State Tax Authority of Ukraine to increase tax pressure on securities transactions:

- partial inclusion (25%) of the financial loss from securities
 transactions in 2011 into the taxable income calculation in 2012
- 2. new transaction tax for:
- OTC transactions with:
- 1. listed securities (0.1%)
- 2. derivatives (5 tax-free incomes = UAH 85 / EUR 8.3)
- transactions with <u>OTC securities</u> (3%)

STA tried to impose the new tax untimely (post factum)

UAIB has defended the industry against these innovations



3. The Law On Joint-Stock Companies

The Draft Law:

enables the owners of 95% and more shares of a JSC to claim a buy-out of the remaining holdings of shares

- redistribution of capital using administrative tools

investors are interested in the full ownership mostly



4. Regulations on Foreign Securities Transactions in Ukraine

NSSMC Resolution – Regulation On the Admission of Securities of Foreign Issuers in Ukraine (of 6 Jul 2012)

- (1) conditions for admission; (2) list of documents; (3) procedure of adoption the decision on admission by the Commission
- Draft NSSMC Resolution (Regulation) On Settlement of Servicing Operations with Foreign Securities in the National Depositary System of Ukraine (of 28 Aug 2012)
- requirements for transactions with securities of foreign issuers

BUT

Currency legislation must be amended to enable the transactions



5. The Law On the Depositary System of Ukraine

№5178-VI adopted on 6 Jul 2012 (enter into force on 11 Oct 2013)

- Central Depositary a public joint stock company operating under the Law of Ukraine On JSC with the special features
- possible shareholders: the state and the NBU (min 25% + 1 share),
 foreign and international depositary/clearing/financial organizations (max 25%); the stock market participants; each shareholder max 5%;
- minimum capital UAH 100 mln (EUR 9.7 mln).
- Central Clearing House the <u>only</u> organisation for settlement and clearing in Ukraine;
- under control of NBU;
 license to carry out certain banking transactions;
- general currency license;
 agent for currency control etc.



6. The Law On the Rating System

▶ NSSMC Resolution № 1138 of 14 Aug 2012:

The Concept of the Draft Law of Ukraine On the Rating System

- rating of securities and issuers, including investment funds



(III) Prospects for the Industry



Political environment: Parliamentary elections of 28 Oct 2012 – balance of forces between the ruling party and the opposition?

Business environment:

- 1. **Economic downturn** in Ukraine and slowdown in Europe undermine growth prospects for the fund industry, esp. public (retail) funds
- 2. Redistribution of capital in progress, the stock market is not the main mechanism to attract and redistribute funds
- Venture funds increasingly used for servicing the flow of funds of corporations and for project financing
- 4. **Regulatory framework** under the new Law on CII to be adopted until 2014 new categories of funds to be in demand



Thank you for your attention!

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